

* NOTICES *

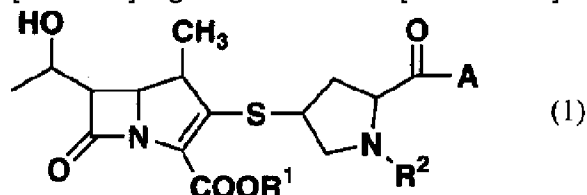
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1. This document has been translated by computer. So the translation may not reflect the original precisely.
2. **** shows the word which can not be translated.
3. In the drawings, any words are not translated.

CLAIMS

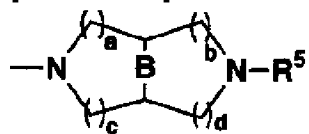
[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] A general formula [Formula 1]



Among [type, R^1 shows a hydrogen atom or a protective group, and R^2 A hydrogen atom, A protective group, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, or a $-C(=NR^3)$ R^4 group (among a formula, R^3 shows a hydrogen atom or a protective group, and R^4 shows a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, or an amino group) is shown, and A shows the basis chosen from following (2) thru/or (12). Formula (2)

[Formula 2]



the inside of a formula, and R^5 -- a hydrogen atom and a protective group -- it may be replaced -- an alkyl group. however, this substituent -- a hydroxyl group, a protected hydroxyl group, a carboxy group, and a protected carboxy group. A cyano group, an alkoxy group, an alkyl sulfonyl group, a $-NHCOR^6$ group (among a formula) A $-NR^7R^8$ group which R^6 shows a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group (among a formula) . R^7 and R^8 are the same or different, and a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, or a protective group is shown. - A $CONR^{7a}R^{8a}$ group (R^{7a} and R^{8a} show a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group among a formula), or a $-OCONR^{7a}R^{8a}$ group

(among a formula) It is chosen from an above-mentioned thing and the meaning being shown,
or R^{7a} and R^{8a} are $-C(=NR^3)R^4$ groups